

2022 年 10 月高等教育自学考试

# 基础英语试题

课程代码:00088

1. 请考生按规定用笔将所有试题的答案涂、写在答题纸上。

2. 答题前,考生务必将自己的考试课程名称、姓名、准考证号用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔填写在答题纸规定的位置上。

## 选择题部分

注意事项:

每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题纸上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。不能答在试题卷上。

一、词汇应用和语法结构:本大题共 30 小题,每小题 1 分,共 30 分。

(一) 词汇应用(15 分)

选择最佳答案完成句子,请将其选出并将答题卡(纸)的相应代码涂黑。错涂、多涂或未涂均无分。

- How could John get himself into such a \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. compare                      B. comparison                      C. messy                      D. mess
- Credit card and online payment \_\_\_\_\_ the need to carry a lot of cash.  
A. eliminate                      B. grant                      C. possess                      D. unfold
- This island is \_\_\_\_\_ populated though life is not so convenient.  
A. apparently                      B. absolutely                      C. densely                      D. hopefully
- To our surprise, the twins do not look \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. alike                      B. unlike                      C. likely                      D. like
- In 50 minutes, the train will \_\_\_\_\_ the small town.  
A. stop                      B. reach                      C. arrive                      D. due
- The village was used as the \_\_\_\_\_ for the famous movie.  
A. highway                      B. location                      C. package                      D. tourism
- The \_\_\_\_\_ of the book is to provide comprehensive guide to the university.  
A. drawback                      B. transportation                      C. route                      D. purpose
- The bank has extended over \$ 1.2 million in \_\_\_\_\_ to the company.  
A. deposit                      B. money                      C. finance                      D. loan

9. They \_\_\_\_\_ to view that they should take no action at the moment.  
 A. likely                      B. incline                      C. put                      D. report
10. If his plan failed, he could offer them money in \_\_\_\_\_ for his own freedom.  
 A. shock                      B. trade                      C. exchange                      D. account
11. He is not taking the train. At \_\_\_\_\_ this is what he told me last week.  
 A. most                      B. least                      C. last                      D. length
12. The meeting is coming to an end. Would anyone like to \_\_\_\_\_ anything to what I've said?  
 A. try                      B. force                      C. add                      D. persuade
13. The shirts you delivered do not \_\_\_\_\_ the sample we provided.  
 A. match                      B. combine                      C. work                      D. communicate
14. His handwriting is not bad, but it's hardly \_\_\_\_\_ with yours.  
 A. comparable                      B. beneficial                      C. automatic                      D. decent
15. The factory turns out a large \_\_\_\_\_ of paper products.  
 A. quality                      B. quantity                      C. form                      D. abundance

(二) 语法结构 (15 分)

选择最佳答案完成句子, 请将其选出并将答题卡(纸)的相应代码涂黑。错涂、多涂或未涂均无分。

16. The man \_\_\_\_\_ have a walk along the river after work when he was young.  
 A. used to                      B. is used to                      C. will                      D. would be
17. He left home quite early for the appointment. He \_\_\_\_\_ be late for it.  
 A. can                      B. can't                      C. will                      D. needn't
18. It is going to rain \_\_\_\_\_ an hour.  
 A. in                      B. before                      C. at                      D. over
19. It was so late \_\_\_\_\_ I had to stop reading.  
 A. that                      B. because                      C. for                      D. which
20. He would try \_\_\_\_\_ he failed another time.  
 A. even if                      B. however                      C. thus                      D. no matter how
21. No fishing is allowed \_\_\_\_\_ a twenty mile limit.  
 A. outside                      B. inside                      C. without                      D. within
22. The work is really \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. tire                      B. tiring                      C. tired                      D. to tire
23. I keep the window open \_\_\_\_\_ it's really cold.  
 A. when                      B. since                      C. in case                      D. unless

24. There were few applicants for the job \_\_\_\_\_ the wage was too low.  
A. but                      B. although                      C. as                      D. so
25. The lack of food made \_\_\_\_\_ hard for him to survive.  
A. them                      B. that                      C. it                      D. this
26. \_\_\_\_\_ more time, he would succeed.  
A. Giving                      B. Given                      C. Give                      D. Gave
27. He welcomes us to the house as if he \_\_\_\_\_ the owner.  
A. is                      B. be                      C. were                      D. being
28. Nobody knows \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting will be held.  
A. where                      B. in which                      C. about                      D. for
29. He had to quit his job \_\_\_\_\_ his son's illness.  
A. because                      B. because of                      C. though                      D. even though
30. I got to know the couple ten years ago. They \_\_\_\_\_ married for three years by that time.  
A. had been                      B. have been                      C. got                      D. were

二、判断选择:本大题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分。

下面句子中有 A,B,C,D 四个划底线部分,其中有一个是错误的,无需改正,将其选出并将答题卡(纸)的相应代码涂黑。错涂、多涂或未涂均无分。

31. I have got the toothache and I need to go to a doctor.  
A                      B                      C                      D
32. A decision will be make after careful consideration.  
A                      B                      C                      D
33. Don't worry at your grandma's illness. She will be all right soon.  
A                      B                      C                      D
34. I wish I hadn't seen the movie. It was a waste of times.  
A                      B                      C                      D
35. By contrast, in 1976, more than 700,000 American workers are involved in the production of automobiles.  
A                      B                      C                      D
36. They care not only about the quality of goods, but also the cost of make them.  
A                      B                      C                      D
37. You are more likely to make mistakes when you are not carefully.  
A                      B                      C                      D
38. My university is only two miles from the train station, but I always ride a bike there.  
A                      B                      C                      D
39. Know the reasons behind decisions to run business makes a better manager.  
A                      B                      C                      D
40. He does not know what do next when hearing the complaints.  
A                      B                      C                      D

三、完型填空:本大题共 15 小题,每小题 1 分,共 15 分。

选择最佳答案完成句子,请将其选出并将答题卡(纸)的相应代码涂黑。错涂、多涂或未涂均无分。

In Venice, it is not uncommon to see tourists carry suitcases through waist-high water, or sit at tables in Piazza San Marco in their swimsuits. Pictures of Venice in the most dramatic flooding are really 41 .

We are used to thinking of Venice as a city in 42 , a glorious relic (古迹) of human creativity that is about to 43 any day and suddenly the end looks closer. However, as climate change makes extreme weather more 44 , Venice looks less like a 45 of the sea and more like an old survivor that can teach the rest of the world how to live with water.

People barely notice how 46 the art treasures of Venice are kept on the upper floors of palaces and museums, even on a dry summer day. It is also 47 to worry about all the art in churches because no other city has such a sharp 48 of protecting itself from water.

In their art, the people of Venice are as happy on water as on 49 . Vittore Carpaccio's painting *Hunting on the Lagoon* shows young Venetians standing easily 50 in low-sided boats to shoot arrows at water birds. In a Gentile Bellini's painting, priest swim in the canal searching for a lost relic. Titian portrays a woman bathing in open water in his painting. Hunting and fishing, swimming and bathing, Venetians always know how to 51 water.

The palaces built in Venice are also good examples of the prevention of 52 . Each has its living spaces on upper floors, often with a courtyard on the ground floor that 53 water instantly.

The danger of Venice is real and this treasury of civilization does need protecting. But it is not all bad news. Or 54 , as the news gets worse for the entire planet, Venice has some lessons to teach about how to 55 the sea.

- |                  |                |                |               |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 41. A. alarming  | B. wonderful   | C. positive    | D. reasonable |
| 42. A. luxury    | B. desperation | C. fun         | D. danger     |
| 43. A. flow      | B. shift       | C. sink        | D. blow       |
| 44. A. basic     | B. frequent    | C. predictable | D. demanding  |
| 45. A. victor    | B. victim      | C. contributor | D. loser      |
| 46. A. willingly | B. plentifully | C. smartly     | D. loyally    |
| 47. A. needless  | B. necessary   | C. tasteless   | D. similar    |
| 48. A. brain     | B. endurance   | C. contrast    | D. awareness  |
| 49. A. sea       | B. continent   | C. land        | D. soil       |
| 50. A. reserved  | B. bored       | C. preserved   | D. balanced   |

51. A. enjoy                      B. highlight                      C. protect                      D. survive
52. A. flood                      B. fire                      C. risk                      D. resource
53. A. contains                      B. drains                      C. stores                      D. rejects
54. A. contrarily                      B. consequently                      C. moreover                      D. rather
55. A. care for                      B. hold up                      C. live with                      D. sail on

四、阅读理解:本大题共 10 小题,每小题 2 分,共 20 分。

本部分有两篇短文,每篇短文后有五个问题,每个问题有四个选项,请选择一个最佳答案,将其选出并将答题卡(纸)的相应代码涂黑。错涂、多涂或未涂均无分。

**Passage 1**

People have been talking about health for a long time because people know the importance of it. People's understanding of health also becomes deeper with the progress in scientific research. Recently the term "health" has come to have a wider meaning than it used to. It no longer means just the absence of illness. Today, health means the well-being of your body, your mind and your relationship with other people. This new concept of health is closely related to another term——quality of life. Quality of life is the degree of overall satisfaction that a person gets from life.

Why has the emphasis of health shifted from the absence of disease to a broader focus on the quality of a person's life? One reason for this has to do with the length and conditions of life that people can now expect. Medical advances have made it possible for people today to live longer, healthier lives. Imagine for a moment that you were born in the year 1900. You could have expected on average to live until about the age of 47. In contrast, if you were born in the year 1999, you could expect to live to the age of 75.

56. \_\_\_\_\_ leads to people's deeper understanding of health.
- A. Common knowledge                      B. Progress in scientific research
- C. Better conditions of living                      D. Quality of life
57. According to the passage, to people of today, health means \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. absence of illness                      B. a long life
- C. good conditions of living                      D. overall satisfaction with life
58. The emphasis of health has shifted nowadays because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. people enjoy better conditions of living and they can live longer
- B. people pay more attention to their physical health, not their mental health
- C. people have realized the importance of mental well-being
- D. people are inspired by medical advances

59. We can infer from the passage \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. nowadays the emphasis of health has a broader focus because of improvements in the quality of food
  - B. the overall quality of people's lives improved greatly in the 20th century
  - C. those who never fall ill are the truly healthy people
  - D. those who were born before 1900 could not have lived until now
60. This passage is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. different understandings of the term "health"
  - B. improving the quality of life
  - C. the importance of quality living
  - D. people's expectations of a long and healthy life

### Passage 2

Daniel Anderson, a famous psychologist, believes it's important to distinguish television's influences on children from those of the family. We tend to blame TV, he says, for problems it doesn't really cause, overlooking our own roles in shaping children's minds.

One traditional belief about television is that it reduces a child's ability to think and to understand the world. While watching TV, children do not merely absorb words and images. Instead, they learn both explicit and hidden meanings from what they see. Actually, children learn early the psychology of characters in TV shows. Furthermore, as many teachers agree, children understand far more when parents watch TV with them, explaining new words and ideas. Yet, most parents use an educational program as a chance to park their kids in front of the set and do something in another room.

Another argument against television is that it replaces reading as a form of entertainment. But according to Anderson, the amount of time spent watching television is not related to reading ability. TV doesn't take the place of reading for most children; it takes the place of similar sorts of recreation, such as listening to the radio and playing sports. Things like parents' educational background have a stronger influence on a child's reading. "A child's reading ability is best predicted by how much a parent reads." Anderson says.

Traditional wisdom also has it that heavy television-watching lowers IQ scores and affects school performance. But here, too, Anderson notes that no studies have proved it. In fact, research suggests that it's the other way around. "If you're smart young, you'll watch less TV when you're older," Anderson says. Yet, people of lower IQ tend to be lifelong television viewers.

For years researchers have attempted to show that television is dangerous to children. However, by showing that television promotes none of the dangerous effects as conventionally believed, Anderson suggests that television cannot be condemned without considering other influences.

61. By watching TV, children learn \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. images through words  
B. more than explicit meanings  
C. more about images than words  
D. little about people's psychology
62. An educational program is best watched by a child \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. on his own  
B. with other kids  
C. with his parents  
D. with his teachers
63. Which of the following is most related to children's reading ability?  
A. Radio-listening.  
B. Television-watching.  
C. Parents' reading list.  
D. Parents' educational background.
64. Anderson believed that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. the more a child watches TV, the smarter he is  
B. the younger a child is, the more he watches TV  
C. the smarter a child is, the less likely he gets addicted to TV  
D. the less a child watches TV, the better he performs at school
65. What is the main purpose of the passage?  
A. To advise on the educational use of TV.  
B. To describe TV's harmful effects on children.  
C. To explain traditional views on TV influences.  
D. To present Anderson's unconventional ideas.

## 非选择题部分

### 注意事项:

用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔将答案写在答题纸上,不能答在试题卷上。

五、单词或短语的英汉互译:本大题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分。

(一)将下列词语译成中文(5 分)

66. in most instances  
67. capital equipment

68. industrial production

69. economies of scale

70. standardized containers

(二) 将下列词语译成英文 (5 分)

71. 国际贸易

72. 金融中心

73. 无形贸易

74. 易手

75. 广告媒介

六、英汉句子互译:本大题共 4 小题,共 15 分。

(一) 将下列句子译成中文 (8 分)

76. It is necessary to adjust the oil prices. The adjustment will be made according to market conditions. (4 分)

77. So long as he works hard, I don't mind when he finishes the experiment. (4 分)

(二) 将下列句子译成英文 (7 分)

78. 许多疾病是由缺少锻炼而致。(3 分)

79. 你在那个国家无论走到哪里,都会发现大量的物质资源。(4 分)